



Using Benchmarks as a Tool in Building Supports for Young Children's Mental Health

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NCCP, ZERO TO THREE, and BUILD



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Overview

- Three kinds of benchmarks for planning and assessing progress toward implementing state-wide supports for children's mental health
- Some benchmarks are more helpful than others....
- Why it may be helpful to establish benchmarks *early* in planning/implementation activities



Benchmark definition

- A goal or target, usually established in relation to existing information and a broader goal;
- For example...
 - A state survey shows that ECMH consultation currently reaches 3% of center-based programs;
 - The state sets a benchmark reflecting the broader goal of increasing children's access to early childhood programs with strong ecmh supports: **“ECMH consultation will be provided to 10% of center-based programs in the state.”**



Benchmarks, cont.

- ◆ Two important types of benchmarks:
 - Benchmarks that focus on **expansion** (social-emotional screening of children will occur in 75% of center-based programs across the state)
 - Benchmarks that focus on improving **quality or effectiveness** (all ECMH consultants will receive 45 hours of training on the state's model and a quarterly review of practice records and outcomes)



Benchmarks, cont.

- ◆ Benchmarks might also **specify tasks to be completed** as part of strategic planning or implementation (i.e., **process benchmarks**);
- ◆ For example,
 - **Complete a survey** of child care directors to determine how many use ecmh consultation or a social-emotional learning curriculum
 - **Identify funding options** for expanding ecmh training for home-based child care providers



Features of helpful benchmarks

- Specific and measurable (you'll be able to document whether you reached it or how close you came)
- Include a target date
- Compare these examples:
 - Increase preschool teachers' access to S-E training
 - Training on the Incredible Years curriculum will be provided to 100 early childhood teachers by August 1, 2013



Why establish benchmarks early?

- Makes larger goals of ECAC or workgroup more meaningful
 - **Larger goal:** “Emotional disturbance is prevented in birth through 5 children at risk....”
 - **A benchmark:** “50% of early care and education providers...have sufficient access to a local ecmh consultant.” [from MI Great Start planning document]
 - **Larger goal:** “All early childhood practitioners and settings support healthy social-emotional development.”
A benchmark: “25% of ecmh consultants ...in early care and education settings...participate in standardized training on research-based best practices...[to meet] training requirements for MI-AIMH endorsement, minimum level 2.”



Why establish benchmarks early? cont.

- Help direct work time toward productive tasks, and help group achieve early success
- Help workgroup or ECAC with ongoing self-assessment of progress

- Link to NCCP brief with planning tool:

Building Strong Systems of Support for Young Children's Mental Health: Key Strategies and a Planning Tool

http://www.nccp.org/publications/pdf/text_1016.pdf



One more example....(what would strengthen #2?)

Recommendation: “Develop culturally and linguistically appropriate mental health consultation initiatives that are accessible and available to programs and providers in key child-serving systems including early childhood education, child care, “ [2005 IL Children’s MH Plan]

Short-Term Strategies and Action Steps:

2. “Expand current early childhood mental health consultation efforts into programs including early education, family support, health care, Early Intervention, public health and child care.”



Thank You!

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