Overview of TANF Policy: In 2020, Texas provided TANF cash support to 4% of families with children living below the poverty level, far below the national average (21%).¹ To three-person households, the state provides a maximum monthly benefit of \$353 for a single-parent family with two children and \$386 for a twoparent family with one child (16% and 18%, respectively, of the 2024 Federal Poverty Level, or FPL). Texas provides recurring increases to this maximum benefit, tied to the FPL. According to a report from the Department of Health and Human Services, as of 2021 the state held TANF funds in reserve of \$237,402,433; the state received \$542,387,696 in federal block grants the following year, 2022.²

Additionally, the state maintains the 60-month lifetime limit on TANF cash assistance for families with no additional restrictions.

Assessment of TANF Policy: By increasing maximum benefits, extending income limits, and increasing or eliminating its asset limit, Texas could lift more parents and children above the poverty level during periods of financial setback or acute need.

Texas may also consider eliminating TANF's full-family sanctions by reducing rather than terminating benefits for parents not fulfilling the program's work requirements, as more states are doing. Additionally, the state could also consider eliminating the eligibility ban for those convicted of drug-related felonies.

Providing cash assistance to pregnant people with no other children would also be a critical support, given that sufficient economic support during pregnancy and very early childhood is essential to children's healthy development.³

³ For research detailing effects of some state-level TANF policies and administrative practices on children and families, see https://www.nccp.org/ec-profiles-pes-policies-related-research-and-resources/#parenting.



¹ For more on TANF-to-poverty ratios, see https://www.cbpp.org/research/income-security/state-fact-sheetstrends-in-state-tanf-to-poverty-ratios.

² Block grants and spending priorities for 2022 for all states are accessible here:

https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ofa/data/tanf-and-moe-spending-and-transfers-activity-fy-2022.

Texas's Cash Assistance (TANF) policy: Family Independence Temporary Assistance Program HOW MUCH CASH ASSISTANCE CAN A FAMILY OF THREE RECEIVE?				
				Flexibility
Maximum benefit allowed				
What is the maximum monthly amount a family of three could receive in cash assistance?	\$353 for a single-parent family with two children (16% FPL). \$386 for a two-parent family with one child (18% FPL).	Increase the maximum benefit level. Examples: Louisiana recently increased its maximum benefit for a family of three to \$484/month (22% FPL). South Dakota's maximum payment for a family of three is \$701/month (33% FPL).		
Recurring benefit increases				
Has the state mandated increases to these amounts, as the cost of living rises?	Yes.	N/A		
WHO IS ELIGIBLE FOR CASH ASSISTANCE?				
Flexibility	Current policy	Potential improvement		
Maximum income				
How much can a family of three earn and still be considered eligible to receive cash assistance?	\$751/month for a single- parent family with two children (34% FPL); or	Increase limits as other states have done to extend cash assistance to more families.		
	\$824/month for a two-parent family with one child (38% FPL); under Budgetary needs test.	Example: South Carolina provides gross income eligibility to three-person families earning up to \$1,914/month (89% FPL).		
Asset limit				
How much can a family maintain in savings while still being eligible for cash assistance?	\$1,000.	Consider removing or increasing the asset limit to allow families to retain emergency funds and savings.		



		Example: Alabama has fully eliminated its asset limit, and Idaho has increased its asset limit to \$5,000.	
Eligibility during pregnancy for parents without children			
Are pregnant people with no children in the household eligible for cash assistance?	No.	Consider providing eligibility to pregnant people with no other children, from the first month of pregnancy if possible (e.g., Maryland).	
ADDITIONAL RULES AND RESTRICTIONS			
Flexibility	Current policy	Potential improvement	
Time limit			
Does Texas allow families to receive cash assistance up to the federal limit of 60 months?	The lifetime limit is 60 months.	N/A	
Lifting full-family sanctions			
Are other family members able to continue receiving cash benefits if an adult does not meet work requirements?	No.	Lower the benefit amount in place of full-family sanctions if parents do not meet work requirements (e.g., Maryland).	
Lifting drug felony bans			
Are persons convicted of drug- related felonies eligible for cash assistance?	No.	Fully eliminate the ban on eligibility for those convicted of drug-related felonies (e.g., Mississippi).	
Lifting the family cap for a new birth			
Can families receive additional cash assistance if they have another child while receiving assistance?	Yes. Texas has never instituted a family cap.	N/A	

